

Corsa Coal Corp.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements September 30, 2022 and 2021

Corsa Coal Corp. Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands

Assets	Sej	otember 30, 2022	Γ	December 31, 2021
Cash	\$	11,370	\$	12,714
Accounts receivable (note 3)	Ψ	15,871	Ψ	21,710
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,553		3,493
Inventories (note 4)		10,864		8,893
Current Assets		39,658		46,810
Restricted cash and investments (note 5)		38,734		43,334
Advance royalties and other assets		3,825		3,244
Property, plant and equipment, net (note 6)		116,215		122,108
Total Assets	\$	198,432	\$	215,496
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	\$	19,897	\$	22,838
Recourse obligation (note 7)		4,363		· —
Lease liabilities – current (note 8)		1,243		1,255
Loans payable, net – current (note 9)		1,716		3,276
Other liabilities – current (note 10)		1,598		1,070
Reclamation and water treatment provision – current (note 11)		4,255		4,145
Current Liabilities		33,072		32,584
Loans payable, net – long-term (note 9)		25,316		26,115
Lease liabilities – long-term (note 8)		935		1,880
Other liabilities – long-term (note 10)		4,202		5,255
Reclamation and water treatment provision – long-term (note 11)		57,041		60,381
Total Liabilities		120,566		126,215
Equity				
Share capital (note 12)		225,091		225,091
Contributed surplus		1,528		1,758
Accumulated deficit		(148,753)		(137,568)
Total Shareholders' Equity		77,866		89,281
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	198,432	\$	215,496

Commitments and Contingencies (note 23)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors:

/s/ Robert C. Sturdivant
Robert C. Sturdivant, Director
Alan M. De'Ath
Alan M. De'Ath, Director

Corsa Coal Corp.
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands except for per share amounts

	For the three months ended					For the nine months ended						
		Septem	ber			Septem	ber					
		2022	_	2021		2022		2021				
Revenue (note 13)	\$		\$	36,380	\$	127,037	\$	91,425				
Cost of sales (note 14)		(45,271)		(35,448)		(121,057)		(92,238)				
Gross margin (loss)		667		932		5,980		(813)				
Selling, general and administrative expense (notes 15 and 16)		(2,305)		(2,293)		(6,903)		(6,523)				
Loss from operations		(1,638)		(1,361)		(923)		(7,336)				
Finance expense (note 17)		(2,919)		(1,522)		(9,977)		(4,252)				
Finance income (note 17)		99		(1,322)		174		1,323				
Other income (expense), net (note 18)		(22)		3,975		(701)		8,918				
(Loss) income before tax		(4,480)		933		(11,427)		(1,347)				
Current income tax expense		_		_		_		_				
Deferred income tax expense		_						_				
Provision for income taxes		_		_		_		_				
Net and comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(4,480)	\$	933	\$	(11,427)	\$	(1,347)				
Attributable to:												
Shareholders	\$	(4,480)	\$	933	\$	(11,427)	\$	(1,206)				
Non-controlling interest	\$	_	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	(141)				
Basic (loss) earnings per share (note 19)	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.01)				
Diluted (loss) earnings per share (note 19)	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.01)				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

		For th	e nine months e	nded September	30, 2022	
	Number					
	of Corsa					
	Common				Non-	
	Shares	Share	Contributed	Accumulated	Controlling	Total
	(000's)	Capital	Surplus	Deficit	Interest	Equity
Balance - January 1, 2022	103,275	\$ 225,091	\$ 1,758	\$ (137,568)	\$ —	\$ 89,281
Stock-based compensation expense (note 16)	_	_	12	_	_	12
Stock option forfeiture	_	_	(242)	242		
Net and comprehensive loss				(11,427)		(11,427)
Balance - September 30, 2022	103,275	\$ 225,091	\$ 1,528	\$ (148,753)	\$ —	\$ 77,866

		For th	e nir	ne months en	dec	d September	30, :	2021	
	Number								
	of Corsa								
	Common							Non-	
	Shares	Share	C	ontributed	A	ccumulated	Co	ontrolling	Total
	(000's)	Capital		Surplus		Deficit]	Interest	 Equity
Balance - January 1, 2021	94,759	\$ 180,130	\$	341	\$	(137,856)	\$	45,102	\$ 87,717
Stock-based compensation expense (note 16)	_			126		_		_	126
Stock option expiration/forfeiture	_	_		(257)		257		_	_
Redeemable unit redemption	8,516	44,961		_		_		(44,961)	
Net and comprehensive loss						(1,206)		(141)	(1,347)
Balance - September 30, 2021	103,275	\$ 225,091	\$	210	\$	(138,805)	\$		\$ 86,496

Corsa Coal Corp.
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Expressed in United States dollars, tabular amounts in thousands

							e months ended				
		2022	20	21		2022		2021			
Operating Activities											
Net and comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(4,480)	\$	933	\$	(11,427)	\$	(1,347)			
Items not affecting cash:											
Paycheck Protection Program grant income		_		(1,126)		_		(1,126)			
Amortization		3,048		4,670		9,198		12,726			
Stock-based compensation expense (note 16)		11		47		12		126			
Non-cash finance expense (income)		1,613		609		6,217		49			
Other non-cash operating (income) expense		(99)		549		316		549			
Cash spent on reclamation and water treatment activities (note 11)		(1,639)		(1,189)		(3,995)		(2,927)			
Changes in working capital balances related to operations (note 20)		3,311		(262)		7,646		(5,074)			
Cash provided by operating activities		1,765		4,231		7,967		2,976			
Investing Activities											
Restricted cash and investments acquired		(1,682)		(576)		(3,101)		(2,661)			
Restricted cash and investments released		_		_		1,086		519			
Advance royalties and other assets		(142)		(105)		(793)		(350)			
Proceeds from sale of assets		_		86		_		229			
Property, plant and equipment additions		(1,045)		(1,664)		(3,114)		(3,391)			
Cash used in investing activities		(2,869)		(2,259)		(5,922)		(5,654)			
Financing Activities											
Repayment of loan payable		(840)		(760)		(2,458)		(3,396)			
Repayment of lease liabilities		(290)		(363)		(931)		(1,049)			
Cash used in financing activities		(1,130)		(1,123)		(3,389)		(4,445)			
Net (decrease) increase in cash for the period		(2,234)		849		(1,344)		(7,123)			
Cash, beginning of period		13,604		16,508		12,714		24,480			
Cash, end of period	\$	11,370	\$	17,357	\$	11,370	\$	17,357			

Supplemental disclosure (note 20)

1. Basis of Presentation and Nature of Operations

Nature of Operations and COVID-19 Matter

Corsa Coal Corp. ("Corsa" or the "Company") is in the business of mining, processing and selling metallurgical coal, as well as exploring, acquiring and developing resource properties that are consistent with its existing coal business. The Company is a corporation existing under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and is domiciled in Canada. The registered office of Corsa is located at 199 Bay Street, Suite 5300, Commerce Court West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5L 1B9, and the head/corporate office of Corsa is located at 1576 Stoystown Road, P.O. Box 260, Friedens, Pennsylvania, USA, 15541.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis. The going concern basis assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business as they become due in the foreseeable future.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 11, 2020, declared COVID-19 a pandemic. The current COVID-19 pandemic has significantly impacted the global economy and commodity and financial markets. The ongoing impacts of the COVID-19 outbreak has and could continue to have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. While demand and metallurgical coal prices have improved, to the extent that industry conditions decline due to the ongoing pandemic, the Company may have to obtain additional debt or equity financing. Although debt and equity financings have been successful in the past, there is no assurance that Corsa will be able to successfully complete such financings in the future.

Unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in United States dollars. References to "C\$" are to Canadian dollars.

At September 30, 2022, the Company had one operating division, Northern Appalachia ("NAPP Division" or "NAPP"). The NAPP Division, based in Somerset, Pennsylvania, USA, produces and sells low volatile metallurgical coal used for the production of coke from its mines in the Northern Appalachia coal region of the USA. The Company's corporate office provides support and manages the mining investments, and is also deemed a reportable segment.

All scientific and technical information contained in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements has been reviewed and approved by David E. Yingling, Professional Engineer and the Company's mining engineer, who is a qualified person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*.

Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. The Company has consistently applied the same accounting policies throughout all periods presented.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are intended to be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes thereto.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company on November 2, 2022.

Basis of Measurement

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

Corsa Coal Corp.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in United States dollars, amounts in thousands except for shares and per share amounts

Future accounting pronouncements or recently adopted accounting pronouncements

Certain amendments to existing standards issued by the IASB will impact the Company's financial statements and are mandatory for accounting periods after January 1, 2022. Updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company have been excluded.

In May 2020, the IASB amended International Accounting Standard 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment ("IAS 16"), to prohibit a company from deducting, from the cost of property, plant and equipment, amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognize such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The amendment to this standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and the Company adopted this amendment in its consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2022. The impact of adopting the amendment to IAS 16 was not material.

2. Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, restricted cash and investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, lease liabilities, loan payable in connection with the Main Street Facility (as defined herein), loan payable in connection with the 36th Street Facility (as defined herein) and other liabilities.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed, in varying degrees, to a variety of financial instrument related risks as described below.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. These deposit accounts are held with high credit quality institutions in Canada and the United States. Restricted cash consists of cash, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. Restricted investments consist of interest-bearing securities invested with highly rated financial institutions.

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company's established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. The Company trades only with recognized creditworthy third parties who are subject to credit verification procedures, and often times are backed by letters of credit or trade credit insurance. In addition, outstanding receivable balances are regularly monitored on an ongoing basis. The Company has not recorded any allowance for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had three and four customers, respectively, that owed the Company more than \$1,000 each and accounted for approximately 93% and 66%, respectively, of total accounts receivable. At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, 39% and 58%, respectively, of the Company's accounts receivables were covered by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include the Main Street Facility and restricted cash and investments.

Commodity Risk

The value of the Company's mineral properties is related to the price of metallurgical coal and the outlook for this commodity, which is beyond the control of the Company.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. At September 30, 2022, the Company had a consolidated cash balance of \$11,370 and consolidated working capital of \$6,586. The future operations of the Company are dependent on the continued generation of positive cash flows from operations which in turn is dependent on the future demand and price for metallurgical coal. The Company plans to utilize expected operating cash flows to service the Company's debt obligations.

If cash flows from operations are less than required, the Company may need to incur additional debt or issue additional equity. From time-to-time, the Company may need to access the long-term and short-term capital markets to obtain financing. Although the Company believes it can currently finance its operations on acceptable terms and conditions, the Company's access to, and the availability of, financing on acceptable terms and conditions in the future will be affected by many factors, including the liquidity of the overall capital markets, the current state of the global economy and restrictions in the Company's existing debt agreements and any other future debt agreements. There can be no assurance that the Company will have or continue to have access to the capital markets on acceptable terms.

The Company's commitments based on contractual terms are as follows:

		Carrying										
		Value at				Payme	nts	due by p	eri	od		
		Sept. 30,		Less Tha		ess Than		1 to	4 to		A	After 5
		2022		Fotal		1 Year	_3	Years	_5	Years		Years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	19,897	\$	19,897	\$	19,897	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Recourse obligation		4,363		4,363		4,363						
Lease liabilities		2,178		2,178		1,243		860		75		_
Loan payable - 36th Street Facility		1,716		1,738		1,738						
Loan payable - Main Street Facility		25,316		25,780		_		7,734		18,046		_
Other liabilities		5,800		5,800		1,598		2,172		2,030		
Asset retirement obligations - reclamation		39,062		39,062		3,076		4,584		6,428		24,974
Asset retirement obligations - water treatment		22,234		22,234		1,179		2,386		2,405		16,264
Purchase order firm commitments		_		3,663		3,663		_				
Water treatment trust funding				536		536						
Minimum royalty commitments		_		1,923		641		1,282				
Reclamation bond restricted cash deposits	_			7,337		1,500		3,000		2,837		
Total	\$	120,566	\$ 1	34,511	\$	39,434	\$	22,018	\$	31,821	\$	41,238

Fair Value

The estimated fair values of all financial instruments approximate their respective carrying values except for the loans payable in connection with the Main Street Facility and the 36th Street Facility. The loans payable are carried at amortized cost and the carrying amounts and fair values are presented below:

	September 30, 2022					Decembe	r 31, 2021			
	C	arrying			C	arrying				
	A	mount	Fa	ir Value	A	mount	Fa	ir Value		
Loan payable - Main Street Facility	\$	25,316	\$	19,165	\$	25,249	\$	17,686		
Loan payable - 36 th Street Facility		1,716		1,756		4,142		4,255		
	\$	27,032	\$	20,921	\$	29,391	\$	21,941		

The fair value of the loans payable were determined by discounting the future contractual cash flows at a discount rate that represents an approximation of the borrowing rates presently available to the Company. At September 30, 2022 and December

31, 2021, the discount rates were 11.3% and 9.0%, for the Main Street Facility and the 36th Street Facility, respectively. Management's estimate of the fair value of the loans payable are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, as explained below.

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value hierarchy categorizes into three levels the inputs in valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are those other than quoted market prices in active markets, which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, such as inputs derived from market prices.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table provides an analysis of the Company's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on a degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable.

Septen	nber 30, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021
1	Level 1	I	Level 1
\$	13,986	\$	11,917
	5,990		8,725
	18,758		22,692
	24,748		31,417
\$	38,734	\$	43,334
	I	5,990 18,758 24,748	Level 1 I S 13,986 \$ 5,990 18,758 24,748

At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had no financial instruments which used Level 2 or 3 fair value measurements.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

	Sep	tember 30,	D	ecember 31,
		2022		2021
Trade receivables	\$	15,828	\$	14,805
Employee retention credit				6,832
Other		43		73
	\$	15,871	\$	21,710

The Company has not recorded any allowance for credit losses for the periods presented.

4. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	-	mber 30,	December 31, 2021		
Metallurgical coal					
Clean coal stockpiles	\$	3,857	\$	2,843	
Raw coal stockpiles		1,951		1,522	
		5,808		4,365	
Parts and supplies, net		5,056		4,528	
	\$	10,864	\$	8,893	

The net realizable value adjustment, measured as the inventory balances at full cost less net realizable value, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$351. There was no net realizable value adjustment for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. An obsolescence reserve of \$566 has been provided for the parts and supplies inventory at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

5. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments consists of the following:

		September 30, 2022								D	ecember	· 31	, 2021	
				Debt]	Equity					Debt]	Equity	
	_(Cash	Se	curities	Se	curities	Total		Cash	Se	curities	Se	curities	Total
Water treatment (a)	\$	407	\$	5,621	\$	18,416	\$ 24,444	\$	400	\$	8,341	\$	22,232	\$ 30,973
Reclamation bonds (b)		8,764		358		24	9,146		7,640		373		37	8,050
Workers' compensation (c)		4,815				318	5,133		3,877				423	4,300
Other restricted deposits				11			11				11			11
	\$ 1	3,986	\$	5,990	\$	18,758	\$ 38,734	\$ 1	1,917	\$	8,725	\$	22,692	\$ 43,334

- (a) The Company has signed certain agreements with U.S. environmental and regulatory agencies which require the perpetual monitoring and treatment of water in areas where the Company is operating or has operated in the past. As a result of these agreements, the Company was required to establish separate trust funds to ensure water treatment activities would continue after the Company ceased operating in the affected areas. The cash is either held or invested in debt and equity securities and income earned on such funds, under certain circumstances, may be used by the Company to pay for certain water treatment costs once the trust funds have been fully funded. As a result of market losses on the investments, an additional contribution of \$536 is expected to be contributed to the trust in the next twelve months.
- (b) The Company is required to post bonds to ensure reclamation is completed on its mining properties as required under U.S. state and federal regulations. The Company has agreements with insurers to provide these bonds. The cash collateral is held or invested in certificates of deposit, that are insured by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or in debt and equity security investments. The Company is required to increase the level of cash collateral over time to reach the target set by the surety of 25% of the issued bond amount. The collateral increase will be funded by quarterly installment payments of up to \$375.
- (c) The Company has established separate trust funds with its insurance carriers to pay potential awards and claims related to workers' compensation.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment, net

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following:

	Mineral		P	lant and	
	Pro	perties (a)	E	quipment	 Total
Cost					
Balance - January 1, 2021	\$	161,855	\$	154,835	\$ 316,690
Additions		_		8,117	8,117
Capitalized development costs		968		_	968
Change in reclamation provision		3,828		_	3,828
Disposals				(9,742)	 (9,742)
Balance - December 31, 2021		166,651		153,210	319,861
Additions				3,021	3,021
Capitalized development costs		144		_	144
Change in reclamation provision		146		(53)	93
Disposals		(70)		(2,905)	(2,975)
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$	166,871	\$	153,273	\$ 320,144
Accumulated Amortization and Impairment Losses					
Balance - January 1, 2021	\$	(67,140)	\$	(124,130)	\$ (191,270)
Amortization		(6,589)		(9,562)	(16,151)
Disposals		<u> </u>		9,668	 9,668
Balance - December 31, 2021		(73,729)		(124,024)	(197,753)
Amortization		(2,886)		(6,116)	(9,002)
Disposals				2,826	 2,826
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$	(76,615)	\$	(127,314)	\$ (203,929)
Net Book Value					
December 31, 2021	\$	92,922	\$	29,186	\$ 122,108
September 30, 2022	\$	90,256	\$	25,959	\$ 116,215

⁽a) Mineral properties include the cost of obtaining the mineral and surface rights required to conduct mining operations. The two types of lease rights in the states of Maryland and Pennsylvania are surface rights, which provide access to the surface of a specific property, and mineral rights, which provide the right to extract the minerals from a specific property. The Company either purchases outright or leases these rights from various owners specific to each property. Mineral and surface rights which are leased are subject to royalty payments to the various owners based on the tons of coal extracted from that specific property. Royalty rates on leased mineral rights can range from 5% to 16%, although they typically range from 6% to 7%, of the selling price of the coal. Mineral and surface rights which are owned by the Company are not subject to royalties. The net book value of mineral properties that are not in production at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was \$24,784 and \$24,732, respectively.

7. Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Recourse Obligation

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and recourse obligation consists of the following:

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Trade payables	\$ 11,019	\$ 8,628
Purchased coal payables	2,545	6,781
Freight payables	1,839	1,644
Other accrued liabilities	4,494	5,785
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 19,897	\$ 22,838
	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Recourse obligation (a)	\$ 4,363	\$
Total recourse obligation	\$ 4,363	\$ —

(a) On July 28, 2022, the Company's subsidiary, Wilson Creek Energy, LLC ("WCE") entered into a 24-month Invoice Purchase Agreement (the "LSQ Financing") with LSQ Funding Group, L.C. ("LSQ"), pursuant to which LSQ may elect to purchase up to \$15,000 of eligible customer invoices from WCE. WCE's obligations under the LSQ Financing are secured by a lien on all accounts receivable and rights to payment arising from the sale of goods and inventory pursuant to a subordination agreement with KeyBank National Association ("KeyBank") in connection with the Main Street Facility.

Advances by LSQ may be made at an advance rate of up to 85% of the face value of the eligible receivables being sold. LSQ may require WCE to repurchase accounts receivable if LSQ determines, in its sole discretion, that the accounts are uncollectible for any reason. LSQ will receive fees equal to 0.0750% of the receivables purchased in addition to a funds usage daily fee of 0.0222% of the outstanding balance purchased. The transfer does not result in derecognition of the accounts receivable because WCE retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset.

8. Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities consists of the following:

			Sept	tember 30,	De	cember 31,		
	Interest Rate	<u>Maturity</u>		2022		2021		
Equipment - Preparation Plant (a)	11.0%	September 2023	\$	320	\$	532		
Equipment - Surface	2.5% to 11%	July 2025 - Aug. 2026		1,850		2,588		
Equipment - Information Technology	11.0%	July 2023		8		15		
Balance, end of year				2,178		3,135		
Less: Current portion				(1,243)		(1,255)		
Total long-term lease liabilities			\$	935	\$	1,880		

(a) Contingent rent related to these lease obligations is payable if the equipment exceeds certain operating levels. The contingent rent expense recognized in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$237 and \$542, respectively. The contingent rent expense recognized in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 was \$33 and \$32, respectively. Contingent rent is included in cost of sales in the condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Lease liabilities and minimum lease payments at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Less than 1 year	\$ 1,391
1-3 years	920
4-5 years	75
Thereafter	
Total payments	2,386
Less: Amounts representing interest	 (208)
Total finance lease obligations	\$ 2,178

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, interest expense, which is included in finance expense in the condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and total cash outflows related to lease liabilities were as follows:

	For t	the three	mon	ths ended	F	or the nine	mon	ths ended			
		Septen	ıber	30,		Septem	otember 30,				
	2	2022		2021		2022		2021			
Interest expense related to lease liabilities	\$	56	\$	91	\$	193	\$	301			
Total cash outflows related to lease liabilities	\$	346	\$	454	\$	1,124	\$	1,350			

The expense relating to leases of low value assets was not material.

Right-of-use assets, which are included in property, plant and equipment, net, in the consolidated balance sheets, consist of the following:

		Plant	Plant	S	urface	IT	Total
Gross Right-of-Use Asset							
Balance – January 1, 2021	\$	1,696	\$ 2,200	\$	4,302	\$ 37	\$ 8,235
Additions		_	_		481	_	481
Lease expiration		(1,696)					(1,696)
Balance – December 31, 2021		_	2,200		4,783	37	7,020
Additions		_			_		
Lease expiration					(838)	 <u> </u>	(838)
Balance – September 30, 2022	\$		\$ 2,200	\$	3,945	\$ 37	\$ 6,182
Accumulated Amortization							
Balance – January 1, 2021	\$	(1,356)	\$ (1,029)	\$	(1,289)	\$ (18)	\$ (3,692)
Amortization		(340)	(426)		(985)	(7)	(1,758)
Lease expiration		1,696				 <u> </u>	1,696
Balance – December 31, 2021		_	(1,455)		(2,274)	(25)	(3,754)
Amortization		_	(319)		(726)	(6)	(1,051)
Lease expiration					838		838
Balance – September 30, 2022	\$		\$ (1,774)	\$	(2,162)	\$ (31)	\$ (3,967)
Net Book Value							
December 31, 2021	\$		\$ 745	\$	2,509	\$ 12	\$ 3,266
September 30, 2022	\$		\$ 426	\$	1,783	\$ 6	\$ 2,215

Amortization expense related to the right-of-use assets is included in cost of sales in the condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and was as follows:

	Fo	r the three	moi	iths ended	F	For the nine months ended					
		Septen	ıber	30,	September 30,						
		2022		2021		2021					
Right-of-use asset amortization expense	\$	102	\$	439	\$	838	\$	1,305			

9. Debt

Loan Pavable - 36th Street Facility

On August 16, 2019, the Company's wholly-owned and direct subsidiary, Wilson Creek Holdings, Inc. ("WCH"), as lessee, and the Company along with all of the subsidiaries of WCH, as guarantors, entered into a lease financing agreement with Key Equipment Finance, as lessor and assignor, and 36th Street Capital Partners, LLC, as assignee, for the sale and leaseback of various coal mining equipment (the "Leased Property") for a funding amount of \$12 million (the "36th Street Facility"). The 36th Street Facility has an effective interest rate of 9.50%, a lease term of 48 months and contains customary financial covenants which were amended in December 2020 to align with the financial covenants of the Main Street Facility. The 36th Street Facility is secured by the Leased Property. WCH was in compliance with all financial covenants at September 30, 2022.

Loan Payable - Main Street Facility

On December 14, 2020, certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers, entered into a five-year secured term loan with KeyBank for \$25 million (the "Main Street Facility") through the Main Street Lending Program established by the board of governors of the U.S. Federal Reserve System. Under this program, lending is facilitated through a special purpose vehicle established by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston which committed to purchase, on December 21, 2020, a participation interest equal to 95% of the Main Street Facility. The Main Street Facility bears interest, payable monthly, at LIBOR plus 3.00% and contains customary financial covenants as well as affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants that would restrict the ability to pay dividends, make distributions and transfer funds to the Canadian parent entity (i.e., Corsa Coal Corp.). The Main Street Facility is repayable on each of the third and fourth anniversaries of the closing date of the Main Street Facility in an amount equal to 15% of the principal amount, with the remaining balance due in full on the fifth anniversary of the closing date and is pre-payable at any time without any premium or penalty. The Main Street Facility is secured against certain real and personal property of the borrowers. The borrowers were in compliance with all financial covenants at September 30, 2022.

The changes in the loan payable balance are as follows:

	$\overline{}$						$\overline{}$						
	36 th Street Facility							M	ain	Street Facility	y		
			τ	namortized					U	namortized			
	Pı	rincipal		Discount		Total	P	rincipal		Discount		Total	Total
Balance - January 1, 2021	\$	8,372	\$	(90)	\$	8,282	\$	25,020	\$	(714)	\$	24,306	\$ 32,588
Accrued interest		604		_		604		800		_		800	1,404
Interest paid		(604)		_		(604)		_		_		_	(604)
Amortization of discount		_		35		35		_		143		143	178
Principal repayment		(4,175)				(4,175)						<u> </u>	 (4,175)
Balance - December 31, 2021	\$	4,197	\$	(55)	\$	4,142	\$	25,820	\$	(571)	\$	25,249	\$ 29,391

		3	36 th Street Facility					M	ain	Street Facility			
			U	Unamortized					U	namortized			
	Pı	incipal		Discount		Total	P	rincipal		Discount		Total	Total
Balance - January 1, 2022	\$	4,197	\$	(55)	\$	4,142	\$	25,820	\$	(571)	\$	25,249	\$ 29,391
Accrued interest		234		_		234		604				604	838
Interest paid		(234)		_		(234)		(644)		_		(644)	(878)
Amortization of discount (note 17)		_		32		32		_		107		107	139
Principal repayment		(2,458)		<u> </u>		(2,458)							(2,458)
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$	1,739	\$	(23)	\$	1,716	\$	25,780	\$	(464)	\$	25,316	\$ 27,032
Less: current portion		(1,739)		23		(1,716)							(1,716)
Total long-term loan payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	25,780	\$	(464)	\$	25,316	\$ 25,316

10. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist of the following:

	•	ember 30, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021
Workers' compensation provision (a)	\$	5,288	\$	6,266
Other (b)		512		59
		5,800		6,325
Less: current portion		(1,598)		(1,070)
Total Other Liabilities	\$	4,202	\$	5,255

- (a) The provision relates to workers' compensation and occupational disease claims that have not yet been paid by the Company. The estimates use an actuarial valuation approach based on historical claims and known events, where such estimates may differ materially from the estimates used herein. The balance that is expected to be settled within the next 12 months is \$1,086. The Company has established separate trust funds with its insurance carriers to pay potential awards and claims related to workers' compensation claims (note 5).
- (b) Other includes various accruals based on management's best estimate of other matters, all of which are expected to be settled within the next twelve months.

11. Reclamation and Water Treatment Provision

The Company's reclamation and water treatment provision arises from its obligations to undertake site reclamation and remediation as well as certain water treatment activities in connection with its historical operations.

The changes to the reclamation and water treatment provision were as follows:

		Site		Water	
	Recla	amation and	Tı	reatment	
	Rem	ediation (a)	Obl	igation (b)	Total
Balance - January 1, 2021	\$	36,909	\$	30,600	\$ 67,509
Costs incurred		(1,758)		(2,297)	(4,055)
Change in estimate		5,053		(4,535)	518
Accretion expense		293		261	 554
		3,588		(6,571)	(2,983)
Balance - December 31, 2021	\$	40,497	\$	24,029	\$ 64,526
Costs incurred		(1,937)		(2,058)	(3,995)
Change in estimate		93		_	93
Accretion expense (note 17)		409		263	672
		(1,435)		(1,795)	(3,230)
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$	39,062	\$	22,234	\$ 61,296
Less: current portion		(3,076)		(1,179)	 (4,255)
Long-Term Reclamation and Water Treatment Provision	\$	35,986	\$	21,055	\$ 57,041
		_			
Estimated costs (undiscounted cash flow basis)	\$	37,230	\$	21,146	\$ 58,376
End of reclamation period	1	-21 years	P	erpetual	
Discount rate	0.3	39%-3.01%	0.3	9%-1.94%	
Inflation rate		2.0%		2.0%	

- (a) Site reclamation and remediation
 - (i) The current portion represents the amount of costs expected to be incurred by the Company within one year from September 30, 2022.

(ii) At September 30, 2022, the Company had \$63,068 in surety bonds outstanding to secure reclamation obligations.

(b) Water treatment obligation

The Company has signed certain agreements with U.S. environmental and regulatory agencies which require the monitoring and treatment of water in areas where the Company is operating or has operated in the past. The Company has the obligation to fund such water treatment activities and has recorded a provision for the total expected costs of such water treatment.

Water treatment costs incurred are offset against the water treatment provision. At each reporting period, the Company makes a determination of the estimated costs of water treatment using assumptions effective as of the end of the reporting period. The change in estimate within the reporting period is charged to cost of sales.

Certain factors may cause the expected water treatment costs to vary materially from the estimates included herein, including, but not limited to, changes in water quality and changes in laws and regulations. The estimates used herein represent management's best estimates as of the end of the reporting period.

The Company is required to maintain separate trust funds to ensure water treatment activities would continue after the Company ceased operating in the affected areas. The cash is invested in debt and equity securities and income earned on such funds, under certain circumstances, may be used by the Company to pay for certain water treatment costs once the trust funds have been fully funded. See note 5(a) for a further description of the water treatment trust funds.

The current portion represents the amount of costs expected to be incurred by the Company within one year from September 30, 2022.

12. Share Capital

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares ("Common Shares") without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares issuable in series, with such rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Company may determine from time to time. At September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had 103,275,076 Common Shares outstanding and no preferred shares outstanding.

Shareholder Rights Plan

On December 17, 2021, the Company adopted a shareholder rights plan (the "Rights Plan") which was ratified by shareholders of the Company at the Company's 2022 annual meeting of shareholders held on June 16, 2022, and remains in effect until the date on which the Company's annual meeting of shareholders is held in 2025, unless terminated sooner in accordance with its terms. The adoption of the Rights Plan is intended to ensure, to the extent possible, that all shareholders of the Company are treated fairly in connection with any take-over bid for Common Shares and to protect against acquisitions of control of Corsa through purchases of Common Shares that are exempt from applicable Canadian take-over bid rules, also referred to as "creeping" take-over bids. The Rights Plan is substantially similar to shareholder rights plans adopted by other Canadian issuers.

Subject to the terms of the Rights Plan, in the event that rights become exercisable under the Rights Plan, holders of the rights (other than the acquiring person and certain other customary parties, including parties acting jointly or in concert with the acquiring person) will be permitted to exercise their rights to purchase additional Common Shares of the Company at a 50% discount to the then prevailing market price of the Common Shares. Pursuant to the Rights Plan, one right attaches to each issued and outstanding Common Share.

13. Revenue

Revenue consists of the following:

	Fo	r the three	moi	nths ended	For the nine months ended				
		Septen	ıber	30,	September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Metallurgical coal sales	\$	44,067	\$	35,169	\$	123,307	\$	88,104	
Thermal coal sales		1,414		375		1,745		1,594	
Tolling revenue		244		493		1,481		949	
Limestone revenue		213		343		504		778	
	\$	45,938	\$	36,380	\$	127,037	\$	91,425	

The following table displays revenue from contracts with customers and other sources:

	For	the three	moi	nths ended	For the nine months ended				
	September 30,					September 30,			
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	45,673	\$	36,014	\$	126,323	\$	90,495	
Revenue from other sources		265		366		714		930	
	\$	45,938	\$	36,380	\$	127,037	\$	91,425	

Revenue from other sources is primarily thermal coal and limestone sold to various customers where control passes upon the loading of the coal or limestone at a point-of-sale transaction.

Corsa derives revenue from contracts with customers through the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following by type and geographical regions:

		For the	e three	e months e	nded S	eptember .	30, 202	22	
	Met	allurgical	T	hermal	1	Tolling			
Geographic Region	Coal			Coal	R	evenue	Total		
Asia	\$	6,041	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,041	
North America		35,903		1,362		244		37,509	
Europe		2,123		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		2,123	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	44,067	\$	1,362	\$	244	\$	45,673	

		For the three months ended September 30,										
	Met	tallurgical	Th	ermal	T	olling						
Geographic Region	Coal			Coal	Re	evenue	Total					
Asia	\$	16,596	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,596				
North America		12,902		352		493		13,747				
Europe		5,671		<u> </u>				5,671				
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	35,169	\$	352	\$	493	\$	36,014				

		For th	e nine	months er	ided S	eptember 3	0, 202	2
	Me	tallurgical	T	hermal	T	olling		
Geographic Region		Coal		Coal		Revenue		Total
Asia	\$	31,399	\$		\$	_	\$	31,399
North America		82,217		1,535		1,481		85,233
Europe		9,691						9,691
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	123,307	\$	1,535	\$	1,481	\$	126,323

		0, 202	1					
	Met	tallurgical	T	hermal	ermal Tolling			
Geographic Region		Coal		Coal	Re	venue		Total
Asia	\$	35,585	\$	_	\$	_	\$	35,585
North America		46,848		1,442		949		49,239
Europe		5,671						5,671
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$	88,104	\$	1,442	\$	949	\$	90,495

14. Cost of Sales

Cost of sales consists of the following:

	For the three months ended September 30,					For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Mining and processing costs	\$	30,419	\$	24,628	\$	79,735	\$	64,685		
Purchased coal costs		7,047		1,529		17,931		4,002		
Royalty expense		1,927		1,775		4,882		4,222		
Amortization expense		3,048		4,670		9,198		12,726		
Transportation costs from preparation plant to customer		1,627		1,570		5,314		4,294		
Idle mine expense		314		190		1,111		493		
Tolling costs		168		281		1,231		518		
Limestone costs		256		282		486		708		
Other costs		465		523		1,169		590		
	\$	45,271	\$	35,448	\$	121,057	\$	92,238		

15. Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative expense consists of the following:

	For the three months ended					For the nine months ende				
	September 30,				September 30,					
		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Salaries and other compensation	\$	951	\$	1,047	\$	2,825	\$	2,982		
Employee benefits		347		304		902		712		
Selling expense		169		122		458		349		
Professional fees		407		409		1,486		1,407		
Office expenses and insurance		335		334		986		874		
Other		96		77		246		199		
	\$	2,305	\$	2,293	\$	6,903	\$	6,523		

16. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has a stock option plan and a restricted share unit ("RSU") plan providing for the issuance of stock options and RSUs, respectively, to directors, officers, employees and service providers. The number of Common Shares reserved for issuance under the stock option plan may not exceed 10% of the total number of issued and outstanding Common Shares on a non-diluted basis on the grant date. Additionally, the number of Common Shares that may be acquired under a stock option or RSU granted to a certain participant is determined by the Company's Board of Directors and may not exceed 5% of the total number of issued and outstanding Common Shares on the grant date on a non-diluted basis. The exercise price of the stock options granted shall comply with the requirements of the stock exchange on which the Common Shares are listed (currently the TSX Venture Exchange). The maximum term of any stock option may not exceed five years unless approved by the Company's Board of Directors. Generally, stock options vest over three years. Each RSU granted entitles the participant to receive, from the Company, payment in cash or, at the option of the Company, payment in fully paid Common Shares. For a cash payment, the RSUs will be redeemed by the Company for cash equal to the market value of the Common Shares, determined based on the volume weighted average trading price of a Common Share on the stock exchange during the five trading days immediately preceding the payment date. In the event that the Company elects to satisfy all or part of its payment obligation in fully paid Common Shares, the Company will satisfy the payment obligation with the issuance, or delivery, of fully paid Common Shares on the payment date. No RSUs have been granted, including during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, there were 6,892,008 and 5,308,258 stock options available for issuance under the stock option plan, respectively.

The following illustrates the changes in issued and outstanding stock options:

Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
(000's)	(C\$)
5,277	\$1.09
150	0.45
(70)	1.08
(1,106)	2.03
4,251	0.83
(815)	0.75
3,436	\$0.84
	Stock Options (000's) 5,277 150 (70) (1,106) 4,251 (815)

The following illustrates the stock options granted. These stock options were granted to a director and officer of the Company and were valued using a Black-Scholes pricing model at the date granted using the following valuation assumptions:

Date of grant:	August 11, 2021
Options granted (000's):	150
Expected life in years:	2 to 4
Exercise price:	C\$0.45
Risk-free interest rate:	0.23% to 0.63%
Common Share price:	C\$0.45
Expected volatility:	93% to 114%
Dividend yield:	<u> </u>
Forfeiture rate:	14.85%

The risk-free interest rate used is the United States Treasury Yield Curve Rate for the time period relating to the expected life of the options granted. The expected volatility is based on historic market data for the Company using a look-back period equivalent to the expected life of the stock options granted. The estimated forfeiture rate is based on the historical forfeiture rate.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense on the outstanding stock options, which is included in selling, general and administrative expense, as follows:

	For	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended				
		September 30,				September 30,			
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Stock-based compensation expense	\$	11	\$	47	\$	12	\$	126	

17. Finance (Expense) and Income

Finance (expense) and income consists of the following:

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Finance expense								
Amortization of discount on loan payable (note 9)	\$	(47)	\$	(44)	\$	(139)	\$	(132)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(18)		(75)		(90)		(145)
Bond premium expense		(498)		(653)		(1,710)		(1,630)
Interest expense		(779)		(611)		(2,058)		(1,931)
Foreign exchange loss		(9)		_		(10)		_
Accretion on reclamation and water treatment provision (note 11)		(227)		(139)		(672)		(414)
Loss on restricted investments		(1,341)		_		(5,298)		_
Total finance expense	\$	(2,919)	\$	(1,522)	\$	(9,977)	\$	(4,252)
Finance income								
Interest income	\$	99	\$	1	\$	174	\$	1
Foreign exchange gain		_		(6)		_		2
Income on restricted investments		_		(154)		_		1,320
Total finance income	\$	99	\$	(159)	\$	174	\$	1,323
Net finance expense	\$	(2,820)	\$	(1,681)	\$	(9,803)	\$	(2,929)

18. Other Income and Expense

Other income (expense) consists of the following:

	For	the three	months ended	For the nine months ended				
		Septem	ber 30,	September 30,				
		2022	2021	2022	2021			
Employee retention credit	\$	_	\$ 2,458	\$ —	\$ 6,867			
Paycheck Protection Program grant income			1,126		1,126			
Restructuring charges		_	_	(886)	_			
Filter cake sales and refuse disposal income			256	68	656			
(Loss) gain on property dispositions		(13)	94	(148)	232			
Royalty income		36	32	103	94			
Other		(45)	9	162	(57)			
	\$	(22)	\$ 3,975	\$ (701)	\$ 8,918			

19. Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted loss per Common Share is summarized as follows:

	For the three months ended September 30,					For the nine months ended					
						September 30,					
		2022		2021		2022		2021			
Basic and diluted (loss) earnings attributable to common shareholders	\$	(4,480)	\$	933	\$	(11,427)	\$	(1,206)			
Basic weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding (000's)		103,275		103,275		103,275		98,596			
Dilutive effect of weighted average of stock options (000's)				446							
Diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding (000's)		103,275		103,721		103,275		98,596			
Basic (loss) earnings per share	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.01)			
Diluted (loss) earnings per share	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.01)			

In periods of net loss, the number of shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share; therefore, the effect of the dilutive securities is zero for such periods. For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no instruments, including stock options, which would result in the issuance of Common Shares whose effect would be dilutive on loss per share.

20. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months en September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Change in working capital balances related to operations:								
Accounts receivable	\$	(1,874)	\$	(2,691)	\$	5,738	\$	(11,082)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,535		324		1,940		1,783
Inventories		2,506		3,406		(1,957)		714
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,642)		(1,200)		(2,891)		4,004
Recourse obligation		4,363		_		4,363		
Other liabilities		423		(101)		453		(493)
	\$	3,311	\$	(262)	\$	7,646	\$	(5,074)
Cash paid for interest	\$	763	\$	410	\$	2,030	\$	1,336
Cash paid for income taxes	\$		\$		\$	80	\$	1,330
Cush para for meome taxes	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Non-cash investing and financing activities:								
Purchase of property, plant and equipment								
Change in assets	\$	(204)	\$	1,518	\$	51	\$	1,449
Change in liabilities	\$	(204)	\$	1,518	\$	51	\$	1,449
Lease liabilities								
Change in assets	\$	_	\$	387	\$	_	\$	387
Change in liabilities	\$		\$	387	\$		\$	387
Change in nationales	Ψ		Ψ	307	<u>Ψ</u>		<u>Ψ</u>	367
Change in estimate of reclamation liability								
Change in assets	\$		\$	72	\$	93	\$	72
Change in liabilities	\$	_	\$	72	\$	93	\$	72

21. Related Party Transactions

Related party transactions include any transactions with employees, other than amounts earned as a result of their employment; transactions with companies that employees or directors either control or have significant influence over; transactions with companies who, at the time, were under common control with the Company's former controlling shareholder, Quintana Energy Partners L.P. ("QEP"); transactions with companies who, at the time, were under common control of the Company's former minority shareholder, Sev.en Met Coal Corp. ("Sev.en") and transactions with close family members of key management personnel. QEP and Sev.en ceased being related parties in December 2021 and January 2022, respectively.

Transactions with related parties included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and consolidated balance sheets of the Company are summarized below:

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Coal sales (a)	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,275
Supplies purchased (b)				(34)				(105)
	\$		\$	(34)	\$		\$	2,170

- (a) During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company sold coal to Blackhawk Coal Sales, LLC, which was considered a related party as this entity was acquired by Sev.en, on June 1, 2020. These amounts were included in revenue in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). Blackhawk Coal Sales, LLC is no longer considered a related party in the nine months ended September 30, 2022.
- (b) During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company purchased supplies used in the coal separation process from Quality Magnetite, which was significantly influenced by key management personnel of QEP. These amounts were included in cost of sales in the condensed interim consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). Quality Magnetite is no longer considered a related party in the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities due to related parties at December 31, 2021 was \$22.

22. Segment Information

Management has identified its operating segments based on geographical location and product offerings. Management has identified two distinct operating segments which require separate disclosures under IFRS 8 – *Operating Segments*. The two operating segments, NAPP and the Company's corporate office, are reported on the same basis as the internal reporting of the Company, using accounting policies consistent with the annual consolidated financial statements.

NAPP is a distinct operating segment based on its metallurgical coal operations and location in the U.S. along the Northern Appalachia coal belt. The Company's corporate office provides support and manages the mining investments. The amounts charged for transactions between reportable segments were measured at the exchange value, which represented the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the reportable segments.

	For the tl	For the three months ended September 30, 2				
	NAPI	C	Corporate		Total	
Revenues	\$ 45	5,938 \$	_	\$	45,938	
Cost of sales	(45	5,271)			(45,271)	
Gross income		667	_		667	
Selling, general and administrative expense	(1	,680)	(625)		(2,305)	
Loss from operations	(1	,013)	(625)		(1,638)	
Finance expense	(2	2,435)	(484)		(2,919)	
Finance income		99	_		99	
Other expense		(22)			(22)	
Loss before tax	(3	3,371)	(1,109)		(4,480)	
Current income tax expense		_	_			
Deferred income tax expense						
Provision for income taxes		_	_		_	
Net loss	\$ (3	3,371) \$	(1,109)	\$	(4,480)	

	For the three months ended September 30						
		NAPP	Corporate	Total			
Revenues	\$	36,380	\$ —	\$	36,380		
Cost of sales		(35,448)			(35,448)		
Gross income		932	_		932		
Selling, general and administrative expense		(1,393)	(900)		(2,293)		
Loss from operations		(461)	(900)		(1,361)		
Finance expense		(1,049)	(473)		(1,522)		
Finance (loss) income		(154)	(5)		(159)		
Other income		3,877	98		3,975		
Income (loss) before tax		2,213	(1,280)		933		
Current income tax (benefit) expense		_	_		_		
Deferred income tax expense					_		
Provision for income taxes		_	_		_		
Net income (loss)	\$	2,213	\$ (1,280)	\$	933		
	For the nine months ended September 30, 2022						
		NAPP	Corporate		Total		
Revenues	\$	127,037	\$ —	\$	127,037		
Cost of sales		(121,057)			(121,057)		
Gross income		5,980	_		5,980		
Selling, general and administrative expense		(4,683)	(2,220)		(6,903)		
Income (loss) from operations		1,297	(2,220)		(923)		
Finance expense		(8,675)	(1,302)		(9,977)		
·					151		
Finance income		173	1		174		
Other income (expense)		173 185	(886)				
			1		(701)		
Other income (expense)	_	185	(886)		(701)		
Other income (expense) Loss before tax Current income tax expense Deferred income tax expense	_	185	(886)		(701)		
Other income (expense) Loss before tax Current income tax expense	_	185	(886)	_	(701) (11,427) ————————————————————————————————————		

	_ F	For the nine months ended September 30, 20				
		NAPP	Corporate		Total	
Revenues	\$	91,425	<u> </u>	\$	91,425	
Cost of sales		(92,238)			(92,238)	
Gross loss		(813)	_		(813)	
Selling, general and administrative expense		(3,768)	(2,755)		(6,523)	
Loss from operations		(4,581)	(2,755)		(7,336)	
Finance expense		(2,841)	(1,411)		(4,252)	
Finance income		1,320	3		1,323	
Other income		8,820	98		8,918	
Income (loss) before tax		2,718	(4,065)		(1,347)	
Current income tax (benefit) expense		_	_		_	
Deferred income tax expense		_			_	
Provision for income taxes		_	_		_	
Net income (loss)	\$	2,718	\$ (4,065)	\$	(1,347)	

	For	the period ended	For the year ended				
	Sep	otember 30, 2022	Dec	021			
	NAPP	Corporate Total	NAPP	Corporate	Total		
Assets	\$ 186,910	\$ 11,522 \$ 198,432	\$ 202,485	\$ 13,011	\$ 215,496		
Liabilities	\$ 92,941	\$ 27,625 \$ 120,566	\$ 96,185	\$ 30,030	\$ 126,215		

All of the Company's mining properties are located in the U.S. The following geographic data includes revenues, net income (loss), non-current assets, total assets and total liabilities:

(1055), Holl-Cultent assets, total assets	and total natin	itics.					
	For the	he three months	ended	For th	e three months	ended	
	S	eptember 30, 202	22	Se	eptember 30, 202	1	
	USA	Canada	Total	USA	Canada	Total	
Revenue	\$ 45,938	\$	\$ 45,938	\$ 36,380	\$	\$ 36,380	
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,414)	\$ (66)	\$ (4,480)	\$ 1,113	\$ (180)	\$ 933	
	For t	the nine months o	ended	For t	he nine months e	nded	
	September 30, 2022			September 30, 2021			
	USA	Canada	Total	USA	Canada	Total	
Revenue	\$ 127,037	\$	\$ 127,037	\$ 91,425	\$	\$ 91,425	
Net loss	\$ (11,164)	\$ (263)	\$ (11,427)	\$ (865)	\$ (482)	\$ (1,347)	
		6 4 1 20 2	022		D 1 21 20	.21	
		September 30, 2			December 31, 20		
	USA	Canada	Total	USA	Canada	Total	
Non-current assets	\$ 158,774	<u>\$</u>	\$ 158,774	\$ 168,686	<u>\$</u>	\$ 168,686	
Total assets	\$ 198,366	\$ 66	\$ 198,432	\$ 215,382	\$ 114	\$ 215,496	
Total liabilities	\$ 120,553	\$ 13	\$ 120,566	\$ 126,160	\$ 55	\$ 126,215	

Corsa Coal Corp.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in United States dollars, amounts in thousands except for shares and per share amounts

23. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties to a number of lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of their businesses. The Company records costs relating to these matters when a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The effect of the outcome of these matters on the Company's future results of operations cannot be predicted with certainty as any such effect depends on future results of operations and the amount and timing of the resolution of such matters. While the results of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company believes that the final outcome of such other litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Contingent Liability - Sales Agent Matter

In September 2020, the Company learned that an overseas third-party sales agent had been charged in an overseas jurisdiction in connection with allegedly unlawful benefits given to a representative of an overseas customer in relation to the sale of coal from operations of U.S. subsidiaries of the Company. A special committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Special Committee") was promptly constituted, and the Special Committee engaged outside legal counsel to conduct an independent investigation as to whether any employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries were aware of, or involved in, the alleged conduct and whether any such knowledge or involvement may have given rise to a violation of anti-corruption laws by the Company or any of its subsidiaries. On the basis of findings resulting from such investigation, the Company has taken corrective action to minimize risk. Furthermore, the Company reported the matter to the U.S. Department of Justice and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, which are conducting investigations. The Company and its subsidiaries are cooperating with these investigations.

At this time, no charges have been brought against the Company, any of its subsidiaries, or any current employees thereof in any jurisdiction in respect of this matter. However, on November 3, 2021, a former employee, whom the Company had previously terminated, pleaded guilty to conspiracy to violate the United States' Foreign Corrupt Practices Act during the period from late 2016 to 2020. The charges and guilty plea proceedings are publicly available. On March 31, 2022, a second former employee, who left the Company before commencement of the referenced investigation, was charged in an indictment with conspiracy to violate and violation of the United States' Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and related charges of money laundering. The second former employee was also charged with wire fraud relating to his receipt of illegal payments, which were allegedly paid from a portion of commissions that the Company paid to an overseas third-party agent and which the second former employee allegedly concealed from others within the Company both during and after the second former employee's tenure. The charges related to the period from late 2016 to 2020. On April 19, 2022, the second former employee pleaded not guilty. The charges and related documents are publicly available.

The risks associated with any charges that may be brought against the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any related processes are uncertain. However, such risks may include resulting fines and penalties, as well as the disgorgement of profits on revenues received from the overseas customer. A range of potential exposure to the Company and its subsidiaries is uncertain and is not presently determinable.

The Company and its subsidiaries are committed to the highest standards of integrity and diligence in their business dealings and to the ethical and legally compliant business conduct by their employees and representatives. Potentially unlawful business conduct is in direct conflict with corporate and compliance policies. The Company and its subsidiaries will continue to cooperate with authorities with a view to a prompt and appropriate resolution.

Contingent Liability - Canadian Tax Audit

Corsa and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in Canada and in the United States. An examination was performed in relation to Corsa's October 22, 2015, December 31, 2015 and 2016 Canadian income tax returns. The Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA") disputed the bad debt deductions taken in respect of the accrued interest on various intercompany notes that had become uncollectible in those years. The CRA issued notices of reassessment for these tax years and resulted in total tax, penalties and interest of C\$1,200. In December 2021, Corsa filed a notice of objection and accordingly did not recognize the uncertain tax position. In June 2022, Corsa received notification from the CRA that the Company's objection was allowed in full and the reassessments for these tax years was reversed.

Corsa Coal Corp.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in United States dollars, amounts in thousands except for shares and per share amounts

Contingent Receivable - A Seam Condemnation

PBS Coals, Inc., a wholly-owned, indirect subsidiary of the Company ("PBS"), filed five petitions for the Appointment of Board of Viewers (each a "Petition") for the determination of all damages suffered by PBS, other than for the loss of support, in connection with the taking of leased land by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation ("PennDOT"). Each Petition was in connection with a different property in which PBS held a leasehold interest at the time of condemnation by PennDOT or at the time when the coal was taken but no Declaration of Taking was filed by PennDOT. Three of the cases involve Declarations of Taking filed by PennDOT, also known as De Jure Condemnations, and two of the properties involve De Facto Takings, where no Declaration of Taking was filed by PennDOT but the coal was in effect taken by actions relating to the construction of the road. In one of the De Facto Taking cases, the issue of whether or not a taking occurred was resolved in favor of PBS by the Pennsylvania Commonwealth Court, but on January 20, 2021, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court reversed the Commonwealth Court on this issue. The Pennsylvania Supreme Court, though, left open the possibility that PBS can prove consequential damages in this case due to PennDOT's action of cutting off access to this coal property. PBS requested reconsideration by the Pennsylvania Supreme Court of its decision but this request was denied. Therefore, on July 19, 2021, PBS filed a Petition asking the United States Supreme Court to grant PBS certiorari to review the case. On October 4, 2021, the United States Supreme Court denied PBS' Petition for Certiorari. Therefore, PBS asked the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County to move forward in determining PBS' consequential damages claim and the Court has referred the case to the Board of View to decide PBS's consequential damage claim. In the second De Facto Taking case, a hearing was held from September 13 to 16, 2022, on the issue of whether or not a De Facto Taking occurred and, if so, the extent. At the conclusion of the evidentiary hearing, the Court took the matter under advisement and established a briefing schedule, after which the Court will rule on the issues. As to the three De Jure Taking cases, further proceedings are being planned in the form of Board of View hearings. The first Board of View hearing for one of the three properties began on July 19, 2022 and were postponed but have been rescheduled for completion on November 17, 2022. As such, the Company has not recognized this contingent receivable and cannot provide a reasonable estimate for the potential magnitude of these claims.